IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA GREENVILLE DIVISION

Syreeta Hamlet,) C.A. No.:	6:17-cv-00472-MGL
Plaintiff,)	
vs.	$\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \qquad \qquad$	LAINT
Unum Life Insurance Company)	
of America,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

The Plaintiff, complaining of the Defendant herein, would show unto this Honorable Court as follows:

I.

Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Florida.

II.

Defendant is an insurance company organized and existing pursuant to the laws of one of the States of the United States, and which does business in Greenville, South Carolina.

III.

In this matter, Plaintiff seeks long term disability benefits from the Defendant ERISA plan pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(1)(B) and that this court has jurisdiction to hear this matter based upon a federal question.

IV.

Until March 2007, Plaintiff was employed with Marriott International and as an employee of Marriott International, Plaintiff was provided with long term disability

insurance coverage via a plan which was sponsored by her employer and insured by Defendant.

V.

Plaintiff became disabled because of certain problems from which she suffered.

Plaintiff was forced to cease working and she filed a claim for long term disability benefits with the plan.

VI.

The plan administrator denied Plaintiff's claim. Plaintiff appealed the denial. Before Plaintiff was able to submit all of the documents she wished considered, Defendant did issue a final denial, claiming that all administrative remedies had been fully exhausted and refusing to provide Plaintiff with a "full and fair review."

VII.

The claim decision maker made its claim decisions while operating under a conflict of interest which significantly influenced it to deny Plaintiff's claim and to refuse to consider important evidence provided by Plaintiff. The decision was not based upon substantial evidence or the result of a principled and reasoned decision-making process. Instead, the decision was reached by deliberately refusing to consider relevant evidence pertaining to Plaintiff's claim and, instead, relying upon biased information and flawed expert opinions. Accordingly, the decision maker operated under a conflict of interest which improperly and significantly influenced its claim decision.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIII.

Plaintiff incorporates all prior allegations, where not inconsistent, as if fully set forth herein.

IX.

Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court consider the administrative record compiled in this case and the evidence Plaintiff intended to provide to Defendant, but which Defendant failed to consider in reaching its final claim decision, and any other evidence relevant to any factors discussed by Champion v. Black & Decker, 550 F.3d 353 (4th Cir. 2008), if applicable and depending on the standard of review, and declare, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §1132(a)(1)(B), that Plaintiff is entitled to the benefits which she seeks under the terms of the plan. Plaintiff tried to submit the evidence she wished to have considered, but Defendant failed to allow Plaintiff a reasonable period to do so. Also, the court should conduct a *de novo* review of Plaintiff's claim including documents the plan administrator alleges it did not consider because the plan administrator's refusal to consider the information was a breach of fiduciary duty and further attempts to exhaust administrative remedies are futile. Alternatively, in the event that the court reviews the record and/or other relevant information and determines that the Defendant breach its fiduciary duty and/or abused its discretion by not considering all of Plaintiff's submissions, then Plaintiff respectfully asks that, in the event of such a finding, that the court exercise its inherent power to remand Plaintiff's claim for a "full and fair" review by the appropriate claim fiduciary Defendant. Should the court remand the matter or award Plaintiff any part of the relief requested, Plaintiff additionally prays that the Court award her attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §1132(g).

WHEREFORE, having fully stated her complaint against the Defendant, Plaintiff prays for a declaration of entitlement to the long term disability benefits she seeks pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §1132(a)(1)(B) and/or a remand of her claim, attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §1132(g), and such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper, including pre-judgment interest on all benefits due from the point at which benefits were payable through the time of judgment.

s/ Nathaniel W. Bax
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Date: February 17, 2017 Attorneys for Plaintiff